

Indiana State Math Contest 2019 Algebra I

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2019 State Mathematics Contest 1. Solve the quadratic equation $2x^2 =$ (a) 1 and 3/2 (b) -1 and -3/2		Algebra I/Integra	ted Math I	ICTM	
		= 5x + 3. (c) -5 and -1/2	(d) 1/2 and -3	(e) -1/2 and 3	
2. Solve the e (a) 11/7	quation for m: 0.2(8 – (b) 7/11	$(m) = \frac{1}{5}(10m + 3) - \frac{1}{5}(10m + 3)$	- 0.4 (d) 11/13	(e) infinitely many solutions	
3. Find the pr (a) 1	oduct: (x – 3) ² (x + 3) ² (b) x ⁴ + 18x ² + 81	(c) x ⁴ - 81	(d) x ⁴ - 18x ² + 81	(e) x ⁴ + 81	
4. If f(x) = x ³ – (a) 13	- 2x + 1, find f(-2). (b) -11	(c) -3	(d) 11	(e) 3	
5. Find the ma (a) 23	aximum y-value for the (b) -2	e graph y = -2x ² – 8x + (c) -9	15. (d) 15	(e) no maximum	
6. Solve the e (a) 1/4	quation: $\sqrt{4x + 3} + 6$ (b) 13/4	= 10. (c) 8	(d) -1/8	(e) 23/8	
7. Solve the ir (a) $-16 < x =$	nequality $\frac{1}{2} - x < 3x + \frac{1}{24}$ (b) $-\frac{1}{16} < x \le \frac{1}{24}$	$\frac{-\frac{3}{4} \le x + \frac{5}{6} \text{ for x.}}{\le \frac{1}{24}} \text{(c) } \frac{1}{24} < x \le \frac{1}{24}$	$\frac{1}{16}$ (d) $-\frac{1}{24} < x$	$\leq \frac{1}{16}$ (e) no solution	
8. Simplify the (a) $3\sqrt[3]{x^6y^8}$	e root: $\sqrt[3]{81x^6y^8}$ (b) $3x^2 \sqrt[3]{3y^8}$	(c) $x^2 \sqrt[3]{81y^8}$	$\frac{1}{3}$ (d) $27x^2y^2\sqrt[3]{1}$	$\sqrt{3y^2}$ (e) $3x^2y^2\sqrt[3]{3y^2}$	
9. Solve for x: (a) 2 and -3/2	2x(x-7) = 3(2-5x). (b) $\frac{3\pm\sqrt{7}}{2}$	(c) $\frac{29 \pm \sqrt{889}}{4}$	(d) -2 and 3/2	2 (e) 20/17	
10. Simplify tl (a) 1	The expression: $\frac{(2x^{3}y)(4)}{16x^{5}}$ (b) $\frac{y^{4}}{2x^{4}}$	$\frac{x^{-2}y^{3}}{y^{0}}$ (c) $-\frac{y^{4}}{2x^{4}}$	(d) $\frac{y^4}{2x^5}$	(e) $-\frac{1}{x^4}$	

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11. The expre	ession $x^{4a} - 9y^{2b}$ is	equivalent to which $(u^2a + 2u^b)^2$	of the following: (x)	$a - 2ab^2$	
(a) $(x^{2n} + 3y)$	$(x^{2u} - 3y^{v})$	(b) $(x^{2u} + 3y^{b})^{2}$	(c) (x^2)	$(x^{2} - 3y^{2})^{2}$	
(d) $(x^{2a} + 9y)$	$(x^{2a}-9y^b)$	(e) $(x^{2a} - 9y^b)^2$	2		
12. Solve for	a in the system of eq	uations $\begin{cases} \frac{3}{5}a + 2b = \\ 6a + \frac{7}{2}b = \end{cases}$	b = b - 9 3a + 3		
(a) 25	(b) -18	(c) -45	(d) 15	(e) 18	
13. Find the e as line <i>n</i> . $m: \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{2}{5}y =$ <i>n</i> : 5 <i>y</i> - 30 = (a) 10/3x + y =	equation of the line in = $\frac{1}{2}$ = $10x$ = -18 (b) x- 3y = 6	n general form with a (c) 10x – 3	a slope perpendicul By = -18 (d) 3x -	ar to line <i>m</i> and the same y-ir - 10y = -60 (e) 3x + 10y =	ntercept 60
14. Andy, Clar many seating (a) 720	ude, Edgar, Frida, Ge garrangements can b (b) 1440	orgia, Henri, and Jac e made if Andy and F (c) 4320	kson are choosing a Frida insist that the (d) 8640	a seat from a row of 7 chairs. y must sit next to each othera (e) 5040	How
15. Solve the (a) -3/2 ≤ x ≤	absolute-value inequ 2 (b) x ≥ 2	uality 5 2 – 3 <i>x</i> + 8 (c) x ≤ -3/2 or x ≥	≤ −12. 2 (d) x ≤ -3/2	(e) no solution	
16. Solve the (a) 5	equation $24x^2 - 5x$ (b)-5	r – 36 = 0 and find t (c) 59/24	he sum of the two (d) 5/24	solutions. (e) -5/48	
17. Simplify tl (a) 5/3	he expression: $\frac{(25^{\frac{1}{2}})}{(16^{-\frac{1}{2}})}$ (b) 3/5		(d) 81/200	(e) 25/18	
18. How man	y total rectangles ca	n be found in the foll	owing picture?		

(d) 5040

(e) infinitely many

(a) 15

(b) 90

(c) 200

2019 State Mathematics Contest 19. Simplify: $13(3^{-2} + 4^{-1})^{-1}$		Algebr	a I/Integrated Math I	ICTM		
(a) 1/36	(b) 169/36	(c) 36	(d) 13/36	(e) 130		
20. Determi	ne the domain f	for the function $g(x)$ =	$=\frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{ x-7 }$ in interval not	ation.		
(a) (−∞, 7)	∪(7,∞)	(b) $(-\infty, 4) \cup (4, 7)$	(c) [4, 7) ∪ (7,∞)		
(d) (7,∞)		(e) [4,∞)				
21. Find the	sum of the solu	itions to 4x + 1 = 3x +	- 5.			
(a) 4	(b) 22/7	(c) -6/7	(d) 34/7	(e) 1/3		
22. What is	the x-intercept	of the line containing t	he points (36, 17) and	(-57, -34)?		
(a) -85/31	(b) -10	(c) -5	(d) 5	(e) 10		
23. Two solu (a) 0 24. Find the (a) 4	utions of the eq (b) 10 distance betwe (b) 68	uation Ax + By = 10 are (c) 20 een the two points (-1, (c) $2\sqrt{17}$	(-2, 4) and (3, -5). Find (d) = 24/5 7) and (-3, 15). (d) 10	d A – B. (e) -3/5	2√15	
25. Find the	negative solution	on for the equation \sqrt{a}	$a^2 - 3a - 12 = 4$			
(a) -4	(b) $\frac{3-\sqrt{57}}{2}$	(c) $\frac{3-\sqrt{65}}{2}$	(d) -7	(e) All solutions ar	e positive	
26. How ma	ny unique diago	onals can be drawn in a	hexagon?			
(a) 8	(b) 6	(c) 21	(d) 9	(e) 15		
27. A mixtur the orange What is the (a) 65%	re of fruit punch juice contains 60 concentration c (b) 67.5%	and orange juice is cre 0% natural fruit juices. of fruit juices in the reso (c) 62%	eated. The fruit punch 10 pints of fruit punch ulting mixture? (d) 13.5%	contains 75% natura n is mixed with 20 pir (e) 6.5%	al fruit juices and ats of orange juice.	
28. If Jeff ta	kes 6 hours to p	aint a bedroom and Ry	an takes 8 hours to pa	aint a bedroom, how r	long will it take	
(a) 3 hours	(b) 3.	5 hours	(c) 4 hours	(d) 4.5 hours	(e) 7 hours	

29. Find the median number of siblings for the students in a class, as shown in the bar graph below.



30. A college student's grade point average is found by summing the total number of grade points (multiply credits by a numerical value for the grade) and then dividing by the total number of credits. An "A" is considered 4.0, a "B" is 3.0, a "C" is 2.0, a "D" is 1.0, and an "F" is 0. If a student received the following grades, what is his grade point average? Round to the nearest tenth.

Course	Credits	Grade			
Calculus	4.0	А			
Biology	5.0	В			
Psychology	3.0	С			
History	2.0	В			
(a) 2.7	(b) 2.8		(c) 2.9	(d) 3.0	(e) 3.1

31. Find the area of the shape below. Round to the nearest whole number.



32. A ball is thrown from a height of 20 feet. The height *h* of the ball in feet *t* seconds after it has been thrown is given by $h(t) = -16t^2 + 80t + 20$. After how many seconds will the ball hit the ground? Round to the nearest hundredth. (a) 3.98 seconds (b) 5.24 seconds (c) 4.87 seconds (d) 5.71 seconds (e) 4.32 seconds

33. Find the 101 st term in the pattern 1, 4, 7, 10,							
(a) 3085	(b) 298	(c) 307	(d) 304	(e) 301			

2019 State Mather 34. For the ec I. The sum of II. The produc	matics Contest quation $4x^2 + 4y^2$ the solutions is ct of the solution	Algeb x = 15, which of the for a negative. a negative.	ra I/Integrated Math I Ollowing is/are true:	rue:		
iii. Exactly on (a) I only	e of the solutio (b) II only	ns is a fraction. (c) III only	(d) I and II only	(e) II and III only		
35. Solve the (a) 169	equation 7 – ᡪ (b) -36 and 36	$\sqrt{x} = \sqrt{5\sqrt{x} - 29}.$ 5 (c) no solution	on (d) 36 and 16	9 (e) 36		
For the rema	inder of the te	st, assume all denom	inators are non-zero.			
36. Solve the (a) -14/39	equation: $\frac{6x-1}{3x+5}$ (b) 14/39	$=\frac{8x+3}{4x-1}$ (c) -14/59	(d) 14/59	(e) Infinite	ly many solutions	
37. Solve the (a) $C = \frac{AB}{1-B}$	formula for C: (b) $C = \frac{AB}{1+B}$	$\frac{3C}{A+C} + B = 4B$ (c) $C = \frac{A-B}{B}$	(d) $C = \frac{3AB}{1-3B}$	(e) $C = \frac{A}{3}$	<u>B</u> -B	
38. Simplify the formula (a) $\frac{-3x-14}{x^2+2x}$	he expression t (b) $\frac{1}{x}$	to its lowest terms: $\frac{6}{x}$ (c) $\frac{\lambda}{x^2}$	$\frac{\frac{2}{x+2}}{\frac{x+2}{x+2}} - \frac{\frac{3x+10}{x^2+2x}}{\frac{x^2+2x}{x^2+2x}}$	(d) $\frac{x}{x+2}$	(e) $\frac{3}{x^2+2}$	
39. Multiply a (a) $\frac{12x^2}{4x^2+9}$	and divide $\frac{2x^2 - 4}{4x^2 + 4}$ (b) $\frac{12x^2}{(2x+3)^2}$	$\frac{9x-5}{4x+1} \cdot \frac{6x^2+3x}{2x^2-7x-15} \div \frac{8x}{4x-1}$ (c) $\frac{3}{4x}$	x ⊦6 . Write the answer in (d) 3/4	simplest form. (e) $\frac{6x}{8}$		
40. When div (a) -44	iding the polyn (b) 44	omials $\frac{x^3 - 30x + 19}{x - 5}$, the (c) -106	e remainder will be: (d) 6 (e) -6			